

**CONSECUTIVE COMMODITIES LIMITED
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS CONSECUTIVE INVESTMENTS & TRADING COMPANY LIMITED)**

**CODE OF CONDUCT FOR
INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

❖ PREFACE

The purpose of this Code is to align the duties and responsibilities of independent directors of the Company with the Companies Act, 2013 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Accordingly, the independent directors should read and understand this Code, uphold these standards, comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations and all policies, programmes and codes adopted by the Company:

❖ GUIDELINES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

An independent director shall:

1. uphold ethical standards of integrity and probity;
2. act objectively and constructively while exercising his duties;
3. exercise his responsibilities in a Bonafide manner in the interest of the Company;
4. devote sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations for informed and balanced decision making;
5. not allow any extraneous considerations that will vitiate his exercise of objective independent judgement in the paramount interest of the company as a whole, while concurring in or dissenting from the collective judgement of the Board in its decision making;
6. not abuse his position to the detriment of the company or its shareholders or for the purpose of gaining direct or indirect personal advantage or advantage for any associated person;
7. refrain from any action that would lead to loss of his independence;
8. where circumstances arise which make an independent director lose his independence, the independent director must immediately inform the board of directors of the Consecutive Commodities Limited (Formerly known as Consecutive Investments & Trading Company Limited) (the “**Company**”) accordingly;
9. assist the company in implementing the best corporate governance practices.

❖ ROLE AND FUNCTIONS

An independent director shall:

1. help in bringing an independent judgement to bear on the Board’s deliberations especially on issues of strategy, performance, risk management, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct;
2. bring an objective view in the evaluation of the performance of board and management;
3. scrutinize the performance of management in meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitor the reporting of performance;
4. satisfy themselves on the integrity of financial information and that of financial controls and the systems of risk management are robust and defensible;
5. safeguard the interests of all stakeholders, particularly the minority shareholders;
6. balance the conflicting interest of the stakeholders;
7. determine appropriate levels of remuneration of executive directors, key managerial personnel and senior management and have a prime role in appointing and where necessary, recommend removal of executive directors, key managerial personnel and senior management;
8. moderate and arbitrate in the interest of the company as a whole, in situations of conflict between management and shareholder’s interest

❖ DUTIES

An independent director shall:

1. undertake appropriate induction and regularly update and refresh their skills, knowledge and familiarity with the Company;
2. seek appropriate clarification or amplification of information and, where necessary, take and follow appropriate professional advice and opinion of outside experts at the expense of the company;
3. strive to attend all meetings of the Board and of the Board committees of which he / she is a member;
4. participate constructively and actively in the committees of the Board in which they are chairpersons or members;
5. strive to attend the general meetings of the company;
6. where they have concerns about the running of the company or a proposed action, ensure that these are addressed by the Board and, to the extent that they are not resolved, insist that their concerns are recorded in the minutes of the Board meeting;
7. keep themselves well informed about the company and the external environment in which it operates;
8. not to unfairly obstruct the functioning of an otherwise proper Board or committee of the Board;
9. pay sufficient attention and ensure that adequate deliberations are held before approving related party transactions and assure themselves that the same are in the interest of the company;
10. ascertain and ensure that the company has an adequate and functional vigil mechanism and to ensure that the interests of a person who uses such mechanism are not prejudicially affected on account of such use;
11. report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy;
12. act within their authority, assist in protecting the legitimate interests of the company, shareholders and its employees;
13. not disclose confidential information, including commercial secrets, technologies, advertising and sales promotion plans, unpublished price sensitive information, unless such disclosure is expressly approved by the Board or required by law.

❖ MANNER OF APPOINTMENT

- (i). Appointment process of independent directors shall be independent of the company management; while selecting independent directors the Board shall ensure that there is appropriate balance of skills, experience and knowledge in the Board so as to enable the Board to discharge its functions and duties effectively.
- (ii). The appointment of independent director(s) of the company shall be approved at the meeting of the shareholders.
- (iii). The explanatory statement attached to the notice of the meeting for approving the appointment of independent director shall include a statement that in the opinion of the Board, the independent director proposed to be appointed fulfills the conditions specified in the Act and the rules made there under and that the proposed director is independent of the management.
- (iv). The appointment of independent directors shall be formalized through a letter of appointment, which shall set out
 - a) the term of appointment;

- b) the fiduciary duties that come with such an appointment along with accompanying liabilities;
 - c) provision for Directors and Officers (D and O) insurance, if any;
 - d) the list of actions that a director should not do while functioning as such in the company; and
 - e) the remuneration, mentioning periodic fees, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Boards and other meetings and profit related commission, if any.
- (v). The terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors shall be open for inspection at the registered office of the Company by any member during normal business hours.
- (vi). The terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors shall also be posted on the company's website.

❖ RE-APPOINTMENT

The re-appointment of independent director shall be on the basis of report of performance evaluation.

❖ RESIGNATION OR REMOVAL

- (i). The resignation or removal of an independent director shall be in the same manner as is provided in sections 168 and 169 of the Act.
- (ii). An independent director who resigns or is removed from the Board of the company shall be replaced by a new independent director within three months from the date of such resignation or removal, as the case maybe.
- (iii). Where the company fulfils the requirement of independent directors in its Board even without filling the vacancy created by such resignation or removal, as the case may be, the requirement of replacement by a new independent director shall not apply.

❖ Time Commitment

Considering the nature of the role of a director, it is difficult for a company to lay down specific parameters on time commitment. They will agree to devote such time as is prudent and necessary for the proper performance of their role, duties and responsibilities as an Independent Director.

❖ Remuneration

They will be paid such remuneration by way of sitting fees for meetings of the Board and its Committees as may be decided by the Board from time to time. Payment of sitting fees shall at all times be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules there under and such amendments, as may be made thereto from time to time and other Acts and Rules as may be applicable.

❖ SEPARATE MEETINGS

- (i). The independent directors of the company shall hold at least one meeting in a financial year, without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of management;
- (ii). All the independent directors of the company shall strive to be present at such meeting;
- (iii). The meeting shall:
 - a) review the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole;
 - b) review the performance of the Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors;

- c) assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

❖ EVALUATION MECHANISM

As a member of the Board, their performance as well as the performance of the entire Board and its Committees shall be evaluated annually. The criteria for evaluation shall be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and disclosed in the Company's Annual Report. However, the actual evaluation process shall remain confidential and shall be a constructive mechanism to improve the effectiveness of the Board / Committee.

❖ Disclosures, Other Directorships and Business Interests

During the Term, they will agree to promptly notify the Company of any change in their directorships, and provide such other disclosures and information as may be required under the applicable laws. They will also agree that upon becoming aware of any potential conflict of interest with their position as an Independent Director of the Company, they shall promptly disclose the same to the Chairman and the Company Secretary. During their Term, they agree to promptly provide a declaration under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, upon any change in circumstances which may affect their status as an Independent Director.

❖ Changes Of Personal Details

During the Term, they shall promptly intimate the Company Secretary and the Registrar of Companies in the prescribed manner, of any change in address or other contact and personal details provided to the Company.

❖ INSIDER TRADING:

- (i). In the normal course of business, independent directors of the Company are in possession of unpublished price sensitive information, which is the property of the Company. The independent director shall not profit from the buying or selling of securities for him/herself.
- (ii). The independent director is not to tip others to enable them to profit or for them to profit on his/ her behalf.
- (iii). The purpose of this Code is
 - (i) to inform the independent directors of their legal responsibilities and
 - (ii) to inform them that the misuse of sensitive information is contrary to Company policy and applicable Indian securities laws.
- (iv). As per the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (the “**Insider Trading Regulations**”), it is prohibited to deal in the securities of the Company during the period that trading window of the Company is closed.
- (v). Further, no insider shall trade in the securities of the Company, when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information.

You should read the Insider Trading Regulations carefully, paying particular attention to the specific policies and the potential criminal and civil liability and/ or disciplinary action for insider trading violations. Every independent director should comply with the Insider Trading Regulations.

❖ WAIVERS AND AMENDMENTS OF THE CODE

The Board reserves the power to review and amend this Code from time to time. All provisions of this Code would be subject to revision / amendment in accordance with applicable law as may be issued by relevant statutory, governmental and regulatory authorities, from time to time. In case of any amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. issued by the relevant statutory, governmental and regulatory authorities are not consistent with the provisions laid down under this Code, then such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. shall prevail upon the provisions hereunder.
